

Biomedical science

For information on the course structure of the Bachelor of Biomedical Science see *Bachelor of Biomedical Science (BBiomedSc)* (p.16). Stream-specific core and elective subjects are listed and full descriptions can be found under the relevant department entries.

The following subjects are normally only available to students enrolled in the Bachelor of Biomedical Science course.

Biomedical science subject descriptions

100-level subjects

600-131 Biomed: Molecules, Cells & Organisms

Note:

- This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.
- Experiments involving the use of animals are an essential part of this subject; exemption from these experiments is not possible.
- Credit cannot be gained for this subject and 600-141.
- This is a joint botany and zoology subject.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Ms D Gleeson

Corequisites: Students are expected to enrol in both 600-131 and 600-132

Contact: 36 lectures (three a week), 36 hours of practicals (3 hours a week), 10 1-hour tutorial/workshop sessions (*Semester 1*).

Description: This subject aims to familiarise students with modern concepts of molecular, cell and organismal biology as a foundation for further studies in biomedical science. Two major topics are addressed. Cell and molecular biology includes the chemical building blocks of life, functioning cells, cell evolution and endosymbiosis; cell organelles, their structure and function; movement across membranes: structure, permeability and transport; the cell wall and extracellular matrix; cell metabolism: enzymes and cellular reactions; excitable cells; energy transformations; cell divisions: mitosis and meiosis; cells and tissues; cellular communication and signalling; tissue culture and cloning. Animal physiology includes a comparative approach to circulation, nutrition and digestion, excretion, respiration and gaseous exchange, thermoregulation, reproduction, development, the immune system, hormonal control and nervous systems.

Assessment: A 3-hour written examination on theory and practical components of the subject at the end of semester, practical assessment and mid-semester tests. Satisfactory performance in the practical assessment is a hurdle requirement for passing the subject.

Prescribed texts: W K Purves, G H Orians, H C Heller and D Sadava, *Life*, Sinauer/Freeman, 1998.

600-132 Biomed: Genetics & Biodiversity

Note:

- This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.
- Experiments involving the use of animals are an essential part of this subject; exemption from these experiments is not possible.
- Credit cannot be gained for this subject and 600-142.
- This is a joint botany, genetics and zoology subject.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Ms D Gleeson

Corequisites: Students are expected to enrol in both 600-131 and 600-132

Contact: 36 lectures (three a week), 36 hours of practicals (3 hours a week), 10 1-hour tutorial/workshop sessions (*Semester 2*).

Description: Topics include the genetic consequences of meiosis; inheritance; chromosomes, genes/alleles, dominance relationships, autosomal/sex-linked inheritance; one locus, blood groups, pedigree analysis, examples of human genetic disease; more than one locus, gene interaction, linkage, multifactorial/quantitative inheritance, heritability; DNA structure and function, replication, protein synthesis, mutation; genes and development; tools used for molecular genetic analysis: restriction enzymes, PCR, gel electrophoresis, aims of the Human Genome Project; recombinant DNA technology; genes in populations; human diversity, polymorphisms, selection, the theory of evolution; generation of species; biodiversity and genetic resources; model systems for biomedical research; Monera: beneficial and harmful bacteria; viruses and infectious molecules; fungal pathogens and the role of fungi in medicine; Protista: including parasitology; plants: phytochemistry, natural products chemistry, allergens and toxic plants; animals: including invertebrate parasitology, and their role as vectors of disease; evolution of chordates and vertebrates; and evolution of primates and humans.

Assessment: A 3-hour written examination on theory and practical components of the subject at the end of semester, practical assessment and a mid-semester test. Satisfactory performance in the practical assessment is a hurdle requirement for passing the subject.

Prescribed texts: W K Purves, G H Orians, H C Heller and D Sadava, *Life*, Sinauer/Freeman, 1998.

610-051 Chemistry (Biomedical Science A)

Availability: This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr W D McFadyen

Prerequisites: VCE Chemistry or its equivalent.

Contact: 36 lectures (three per week), eight 3-hour sessions of practical work, 10 hours tutorials, 9 hours problem-solving/computer-aided learning (*Semester 1*).

Description: Upon completion of 610-051 students should have an understanding of the place of chemistry in a biomedical context; the nature of gases; the nature of chemical equilibria; the structure of matter; and the nature of hydrocarbons.

In the practical component, students should develop basic laboratory skills (observation, analytical technique, report writing); oral communication skills; independent learning skills; and an appreciation of the health and safety issues associated with the safe handling and disposal of laboratory chemicals.

The subject provides an introduction to gases (solubility, diffusion), energy (sources, food), reaction rates and equilibria (catalysis), acid-base chemistry, atomic spectra and structure (spectroscopy), and bonding and structure in organic molecules.

Assessment: A 3-hour written examination at the end of semester which represents 80% of the final assessment. Practical work is continuously assessed and short tests may be given during the semester. These together represent 20% of the final assessment. Practical work must be completed satisfactorily before credit can be granted for the subject.

Prescribed texts: S Zumdahl, *Chemical Principles*, 3rd ed., D C Heath, 1997. • J McMurry, *Organic Chemistry*, 4th ed., Brooks/Cole, 1992.

610-052 Chemistry (Biomedical Science B)

Availability: This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr W D McFadyen

Prerequisites: Chemistry 610-051

Contact: 36 lectures (three per week), eight 3-hour sessions of practical work, 10 hours tutorials, 9 hours problem-solving/computer-aided learning (*Semester 2*).

Description: Upon completion of this subject students should have an understanding of the reactivity of organic molecules; the structure and reactivity of biomolecules; the structure and bonding of inorganic molecules; the nature of the solid state; and metal chemistry in biology.

In the practical component, students should develop basic laboratory skills (observation, analytical technique, report writing); oral communication skills; independent learning skills; and an appreciation of the health and safety issues associated with the safe handling and disposal of laboratory chemicals.

The subject provides an introduction to the chemistry of functional groups important to biological processes; the structures of biological molecules; chemistry of the main group elements; intermolecular forces and solids; redox reactions; and metal chemistry in biology.

Assessment: A 3-hour written examination at the end of semester which represents 80% of the final assessment. Practical work is continuously assessed and short tests may be given during the semester. These together represent 20% of the final assessment. Practical work must be completed satisfactorily before credit can be granted for the subject.

Prescribed texts: S Zumdahl, *Chemical Principles*, 3rd ed., D C Heath, 1997.

620-151 Introduction to Biomedical Mathematics

Note:

- This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.
- Students may only gain credit for one of 620-151 and 620-161.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr A Owczarek

Prerequisites: VCE Mathematical Methods 3/4.

Contact: 36 lectures (three per week), 11 1-hour tutorials (one per week) (*Semester 1*).

Description: This subject develops elementary rules for manipulating matrices; concepts of basic functions of one variable; and basic procedures for the solution of differential equations and linear programming problems. Students should develop manipulative skills in the use of matrices and standard functions; the skills to find derivatives and antiderivatives of functions of one variable; an ability to apply these skills to word problems in bioscience. This subject demonstrates the sequential conceptual structure of the mathematics of functions and the value of differential equations in bioscience.

Matrices topics include row operations, systems of linear equations, graphical and matrix methods for linear programming; duality; and applications in bioscience. Calculus topics include functions of one real variable; differentiation and integration of standard functions; related rates of change; differential equations, including simple simultaneous equations and their applications to population dynamics and physiological systems; and numerical solution of differential equations.

Assessment: Up to 24 pages of written assignments, a 3-hour end-of-semester written examination and class tests totalling not more than 1.5 hours.

620-152 Introduction to Biomedical Statistics

Note:

- This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.
- Students may only gain credit for one of 620-131, 620-152, 620-160.
- Students who gain credit for 620-152 can progress to 620-270 Applied Statistics.
- Students who have completed 620-202, 620-204 or 620-270 may not enrol in this subject for credit.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr M Ng

Prerequisites: VCE Mathematical Methods 3/4.

Contact: 36 lectures (three per week), 11 hours practical classes (one hour per week) and 11 1-hour tutorials (one per week) (*Semester 2*).

Description: This subject lays the foundations for an understanding of the fundamental concepts of probability and statistics, as they relate to the biomedical sciences. Students completing this subject will develop skills in data analysis, probability, basic statistical inference and some of the statistical techniques commonly used in the biomedical sciences. They will also learn about the importance of good study design in scientific and medical research.

Topics include scientific method and experimental design, including randomisation and blocking; probability in medicine and biology, especially genetics; Bayes' theorem; Poisson distribution; types of epidemiological study: randomised controlled trials, cohort studies, longitudinal studies, case-control studies; guidelines for supporting an argument for cause and effect based on observational data; data description and analysis; random sampling; population parameters and sample statistics; estimation, confidence intervals and hypothesis testing based on the binomial and normal distributions; introduction to distribution-free methods; and introduction to bivariate data, including correlation and linear regression.

Assessment: Up to 36 pages of written assignments or project work and a 3-hour end-of-semester written examination.

640-151 Physics for Biomedical Science A

Note: Students may only gain credit for one of 640-005, 640-121, 640-141, 640-151 and 640-161.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr A Roberts

Prerequisites: Some knowledge of physics, VCE Mathematical Methods 3/4 (or an equivalent subject). For BSc students, entry to this subject will be by invitation of the Head of the School of Physics, usually requiring a very high level of achievement in the final year of secondary school.

Contact: 36 lectures (three per week), 12 1-hour tutorials (one per week), laboratory work and reading assignment(s) involving 36 hours work during the semester (*Semester 1*).

Description: An understanding of physics is essential to the description of many biological processes and the development of modern medical science and technology. This is the first subject of a two-semester sequence which will develop students' appreciation of the importance of physical principles to biomedical science as well as their understanding of the principles underpinning human structure and function, medical diagnostics and therapeutics.

The subject provides an introduction to several areas: acoustics: hearing, speech, ultrasound imaging, therapeutic applications of sound (properties of waves, the nature of sound, superposition of waves, Doppler effect, interaction of sound with matter); optics: optical imaging and sensing and human and animal vision (reflection, refraction and dispersion of light, mirrors and images, optical fibres, lenses, optical imaging and optical instruments); atomic physics and lasers: fluorescence imaging and spectroscopy, laser surgery (structure of the atom, photons, spectroscopy, interaction of light with matter); and mechanics: human and animal movement, sport, injuries (New-

ton's laws of motion, energy transfer and transformation, mechanical properties of materials, elasticity, compression and extension).

Assessment: A 3-hour end-of-semester examination (65%); laboratory work together with a group project (25%); tests totalling 1 hour during the semester (10%). Students must complete satisfactorily both laboratory and project work to obtain a pass.

Prescribed texts: R A Serway and J W Jewett, *Principles of Physics*, 3rd ed., Harcourt, 2002. • J Faughn, *Life Science Applications for Physics*, Harcourt, 1998.

640-152 Physics for Biomedical Science B

Note: Students may only gain credit for one of 640-006, 640-122, 640-142, 640-152 and 640-162.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: A/Prof D N Jamieson

Prerequisites: It will be assumed that students are familiar with the content of 640-151 Physics for Biomedical Science A (*p.2*). Some knowledge of physics, VCE Mathematical Methods 3/4 (or an equivalent subject). For BSc students, entry to this subject will be by invitation of the Head of the School of Physics, usually requiring a very high level of achievement in the final year of secondary school.

Contact: 36 lectures (three per week), 12 1-hour tutorials (one per week), laboratory work and assignment(s) involving 36 hours work during the semester (*Semester 2*).

Description: An understanding of physics is essential to the description of many biological processes and the development of modern medical science and technology. This is the second subject of a two-semester sequence which will develop students' appreciation of the importance of physical principles to biomedical science as well as their understanding of the principles underpinning human structure and function, medical diagnostics and therapeutics.

The subject provides an introduction to several areas: fluids: blood flow, respiration and membranes (pressure in fluids, fluid flow, viscosity, surface tension, membranes and capillarity); thermal physics: energy balance of living organisms, movement of ions across membranes (thermal energy and temperature, thermal expansion, first law of thermodynamics, conduction, convection, radiation and exaporation, diffusion); electricity and magnetism: bioelectricity, nerve conduction, electrical safety and instrumentation, therapeutic uses of electromagnetic waves (forces between electric charges, electric currents, magnetic forces on moving charged particles, electric circuits, resistance, capacitance, electromagnetic waves); radiation: radiation safety, carbon dating, therapeutic uses of radiation (the atomic nucleus, isotopes, nuclear decay and radiation, physical and biological half-life, ionising radiation); and imaging: modern biomedical imaging (X-rays (radiography), CT-scans and angiography, magnetic resonance and nuclear magnetic resonance imaging, positron emission tomography, gamma-ray imaging).

Assessment: A 3-hour end-of-semester examination (65%); laboratory work together with a group project (25%); tests totalling 1 hour during the semester (10%). Students must complete satisfactorily both laboratory and project work to obtain a pass.

Prescribed texts: R A Serway and J W Jewett, *Principles of Physics*, 3rd ed., Harcourt, 2002. • J Faughn, *Life Science Applications for Physics*, Harcourt, 1998.

200-level core subjects

521-213 Integrated Biomedical Science I

Note: This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.

Credit points: 25

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr T Lithgow

Prerequisites: 600-131 Biomed: Molecules, Cells & Organisms (*p.1*) and 600-132 Biomed: Genetics & Biodiversity (*p.1*)

Contact: 6 hours of lectures and 3 hours of practicals and self-directed computer-based learning exercises per week (*Semester 1*).

Description: This multidisciplinary subject deals with a blend of biochemistry, molecular and cell biology, tissue biology and physiology, which aims to develop knowledge of the relationship between the structure and function of the major classes of biomolecules, higher ordered structures and cells, as well as the contribution these molecules make to cellular, tissue and whole systems biology.

The biochemistry component will consist of 36 lectures on the following topics: chemistries and solution properties of the major classes of biological compounds; structure and function of proteins, lipids, biological membranes and nucleic acids; enzymology and the biochemistry of digestion and absorption; and introduction to recombinant DNA technology.

The cell and tissue biology stream (24 lectures) will concentrate initially on the histology and ultrastructure of cells and basic tissue types, epithelium,

muscle, nerve, haemopoietic and connective tissues; and then consider the organisation of the major organs and the structure and function of cellular organelles, cytoskeletal structures and the extracellular matrix.

The introductory physiology stream (12 lectures) will concentrate on mammalian (especially human) physiology and build on comparative aspects covered in first year biomedical biology core subjects. The focus will be on the building blocks: homeostasis, the relationship between organs and organ systems, cell physiology, excitable cells and electrolyte transport. The practical work will be designed to develop basic experimental, data analysis and interpretation skills in biochemistry, physiology and cell and tissue biology techniques.

Assessment: Two 2-hour end-of-semester examinations on the theory and practical work (70%); laboratory practical work (15%); two short written assignments (each 500 words) and computer-based tests (15%)

536-250 Integrated Biomedical Science II

Note: This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.

Credit points: 25

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Prof S Harrap

Prerequisites: 521-213 Integrated Biomedical Science I (p.2)

Contact: 72 hours of lectures and 36 hours of practicals and computer-based self-directed learning exercises (*Semester 2*).

Description: The overall aim will be to build on the knowledge developed in Integrated Biomedical Science I and to extend coverage to include the intermediary metabolism, organ and whole systems physiology and tissue biology, genes and gene expression and the major regulatory systems. The biochemistry stream (24 lectures) will cover metabolism, bioenergetics, waste elimination, regulation of metabolism including the molecular basis of cell signalling, molecular mechanisms and regulation of gene replication, expression and protein synthesis. Biochemistry will also combine with physiology to cover integrated whole body responses to metabolic and physiological stress and nutrition. The physiology stream (48 lectures) will concentrate on the transduction of neurotransmitter, hormone and other messages; control systems common to many organs, the autonomic nervous system and the endocrine system. Coverage of specific organ systems will include renal, respiratory and cardiovascular systems, digestive and excretory, reproductive, locomotor, neurophysiology (taught with relevant histology and structure in conjunction with anatomy and cell biology). The practical work will be designed to develop and extend experimental, data analysis and interpretation skills in biochemistry and physiology techniques.

Assessment: Two 2-hour end-of-semester examination on theory and practical work (70%); practical work (15%); two short written assignments (500 words each) and computer-based tests (15%).

300-level core subjects

521-308 Genome Science

Note: This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Assoc Prof K Gayler

Prerequisites: 521-213 Integrated Biomedical Science I (p.2) and 536-250 Integrated Biomedical Science II (p.3)

Contact: 2 hours of lectures (total 24 hours) and 3 hours of practicals (total 36 hours) and computer-based self-directed learning exercises per week (*Semester 1*).

Description: The subject aims to develop knowledge, skills in and an understanding of the rationale and experimental strategies and computational sequence analyses being used in the major international genome programs (particularly the Human Genome Program) and an appreciation of the potential for future applications of this knowledge.

The subject will be organised into three components: (i) a lecture series; (ii) computational molecular biology (bioinformatics) exercises; and (iii) research laboratory placements.

The lecture course will cover the following areas: an overview of current progress in the Human Genome Program; general experimental strategies for complete structural characterisation of the genome; functional significance of the overall chromosomal DNA architecture; molecular basis of DNA finger printing; organisation of genes; information content of DNA including non-standard genetic code; structural patterns within genes and associated regulatory regions; functional genomics emphasising strategies for the identification of new genes and the characterisation of their encoded proteins; the concept of cell-specific proteomes reflected by two-dimensional electrophoretic characterisations of total protein extracts of cells; comparative and evolutionary chromosome organisation and gene patterns; and principles of computational molecular biology (bioinformatics) directed towards DNA and protein sequence alignments, pattern recognition, evolutionary comparisons and

molecular modelling of protein structures. In addition, ethical issues relating to the potential application of the new genetics arising from genome structural characterisation will be considered.

The computer-based exercises will aim to develop skills in sequence data retrieval, sequence alignments and pattern recognition. The research laboratory placements will be designed to provide students with skills in research laboratory work, library research, report writing and team work in a relevant area of genome science.

Assessment: 2-hour end-of-semester examination on the theory and practical components of the subject (70%); interactive computer exercises (10%); research report (20%)

536-350 Genes to Phenotype: Control & Integration

Note: This subject is only available to Bachelor of Biomedical Science students.

Credit points: 12.5

HECS-band: 2

Coordinator: Dr M Wlodek

Prerequisites: 521-213 Integrated Biomedical Science I (p.2) and 536-250 Integrated Biomedical Science II (p.3)

Contact: 2 hours per week of lectures (total of 24 hours) and 3 hours per week of practicals and computer-based self-directed learning exercises (total of 36 hours) (*Semester 2*).

Description: The subject will provide a broad picture of the role of genes in the function and integrated control of cells, tissues and whole organisms, particularly mammals. The aim will be to develop an understanding of the role of genes in the context of whole animals by investigating the embryological, physiological and biochemical consequences of natural genetic variations and experimental genetic manipulations, using contemporary molecular biology techniques. The subject will address issues such as integration and coordinated control of systems and adaptation to change. The juxtaposition of the subject with 521-308 Genome Science (p.3) complements the emphasis on the fundamental involvement of molecular systems in critical integrated processes. The theme *Genotypes to Phenotypes* will cover the major principles that underpin the genetic determination of the life processes. The topics to be covered will include genome to organism, fertility and infertility, gametes, fertilisation, differentiation, organogenesis, sexual determination and differentiation, biological rhythms and aging. The second theme *Genetic Diversity - Causes and Consequences* will build on the understanding of genes and healthy phenotypes to consider the ways in which genetic diversity is maintained in populations and from one generation to the next. It will consider the adaptations to environmental stress (insecticides, drug resistance, heavy metals) and internal alterations to genes (monogenic and polygenic traits). The final theme *Genotypes to Phenotypes in Disease* will explore examples of genes causing quantitative and qualitative variations than may be harmful to individuals. Some examples that will be discussed will include cardiovascular diseases, familial cardiomyopathy, muscular dystrophies and channelopathies (cystic fibrosis, long QT syndrome, epilepsy, and myotonias). The practicals and workshops will incorporate computer-based self-directed learning exercises and reflect the three themes of the subject. The practical component may include visits to relevant research and/or industrial laboratories and complementary library exercises with a view to developing a research proposal in a specific area relevant to material covered in lectures.

Assessment: A 2-hour end-of-semester written examination on the theory and practical components of the subject (70%) plus written reports on the practicals and computer-based self directed learning exercises (30%).

